All sections of the exam are illustrated here.

The vocabulary section of the exam has 25 items and is similar to Part I. **Part I: Vocabulary** 

**Instructions**: Choose the letter of the word that BEST fills the blank in the sentence.

1. My parents were when I received the music prize at graduation. b) bitter c) proud d) deadly a) scarv 2. In business, if you are to customers, you won't make any money. a) wonderful b) blonde c) sweet d) rude 3. When I got home and saw the broken window, I knew something was \_\_\_\_\_. a) familiar b) poisonous c) wrong d) close 4. Cyanide is a <u>poison</u>. a) deadly b) foreign c) thin d) frozen 5. We went to a \_\_\_\_\_ movie; I have never been so frightened in my life. a) light b) scary c) frozen d) high 6. He looks so . I think I have seen him before. a) familiar b) poisonous c) wrong d) quick 7. My cell phone is \_\_\_\_\_. I need to find it. a) embarrassing b) missing c) wrong d) certain 8. I don't like vegetables very much. In fact, I them. a. touch b. win c. hate d. greet 9. If you \_\_\_\_\_ to foreign countries, you will probably have to eat new foods. a. advise b. task c. breathe d. travel 10. An explosion killed the \_\_\_\_\_ of the space shuttle Challenger in 1986. a) strangers b) foreigners c) crew d) settlers 11. Dark clouds are a \_\_\_\_\_ of bad weather. b) sign c) meaning d) mixture a) strip 12. Coins and bills are a) weapons b) jobs c) currency d) customs 13. Farmers lost a lot of their \_\_\_\_\_ in the hurricane. a) clues b) crops c) trips d) gifts 14. The hurricane caused terrible \_\_\_\_\_ to houses. Many buildings were ruined. b) disease c) ground d) damage a) amount 15. The chairs in most classrooms are organized in b) trips c) rows a) races d) meals 16. My roommate and I \_\_\_\_\_ all costs 50-50. b. argue c. share d. worry a. agree 17. Ana has to have surgery. She is \_\_\_\_\_ of the operation; she doesn't know what will happen to her. a. afraid b. lazy c. single d. dangerous 18. I want a cheap medicine; I don't have much money to \_\_\_\_\_. b. spend c. fight d. stare a. find out 19. A hurricane is coming. All ships must \_\_\_\_\_ in port. a) take place b) touch c) stay d) save 20. Many religions \_\_\_\_\_ their members to drink alcohol. a) forbid b) realize c) remain d) pour 21. The purpose of an umbrella is to you dry or cool. a) keep b) stay c) touch d) push 22. The mechanic had to \_\_\_\_\_ the front end of the car to find the problem. a) take care of b) call out c) take apart d) take place

23.	When the horse jumped, the rider
	When the horse jumped, the rider a) knocked out b) burned up c) took away d) fell off
	One things that made early zippers embarrassing is that they easily.
	a) came apart b) stepped aside c) took off d) put together
25.	I'm in trouble. I my book at home, and the test is open book.
	a) met b) took c) caught d) left
26.	One mass marketing technique is to free samples of a product.
	a) get paid b) give away c) come across d) put on
27.	The critics say it's a good movie, but I don't I didn't like it.
28	a) agree b) catch c) avoid d) show Room 213 is Rooms 212 and 214.
_0.	a. above b. through c. during d. between
29	the latest weather report, it will rain tomorrow.
	a. Including b. Instead of c. Toward d. According to
	It is always hard to a bad habit.
00.	a. break b. realize c. remain d. taste
31	Some people eat food and others eat junk food.
51.	a. boring b. healthy c. scarce d. lazy
	a. boiling b. nealting c. scarce d. lazy
N۵	w Instructions: Darken the letter of the word that goes in the blank and makes the second
	the mean the same thing as the first sentence.
00.	
32.	When you have a cold, I <u>suggest</u> that you drink a lot of liquids.
	When you have a cold, you drink a lot of liquids.
	a) can b) should c) could d) must
33	Professor, I <u>will not be able to</u> come to class Friday because I have a dentist appointment.
00.	Professor, I come to class Friday because I have a dentist appointment.
	a) can't b) shouldn't c) won't to d) must not
34	You have to take a written test to get a driver's license.
<del>0</del> т.	You take a written test to get a driver's license.
	a) can b) should c) could d) must
35	Professor: We <u>may</u> have a test on Friday.
55.	Professor: We have a test on Friday.
	a) might b) should c) will d) must
26	It has rained a lot, but the weather is going to <u>get better</u> .
	a) bury b) pray c) improve d) develop
57.	Observers were interested in what was <u>taking place</u> in the classroom.
20	a. occupying space b. participating c. happening d. substituting
აი.	In times of war, food is often <u>limited</u> .
	a. high b. quick c. thin d. scarce
Th	e grammar section has 25 points and is similar to Part II.
	rt II: Grammar Section
١.	José is taking 12 credits this semester, but he usually 18.
<u>-</u>	a) is taking b) take c) are taking d) takes
Ζ.	The sun in the east and in the west.
~	a) rises, sets b) rising, setting c) will rise, will set d) rise, set
	A: How's the game?
I	B: Well, we right now, but who knows what will happen in the second half.
	a) wins b) is winning c) winning d) are winning
4. I	My mother basketball when she was a teenager.
_	a) plays b) is playing c) play d) played
5.	The women students are wearing skirts today, but they usually jeans.
	a) is wearing b) wear c) are wearing d) wears

6. I wa	as sick so I hom	IE.		
	a) stays	b) is staying	c) stay	d) stayed
7. Rol	perto to the bea	ch yesterday with his fa	amily.	•
	a) qo	b) goed	c) went	d) goes
8. The	e Marie Celeste	b) goed in the Atlantic Ocean.	,	, 0
	a) sinked	b) sinks	c) sank	d) is sinking
9 Sor	rv but Ana can't talk te	o vou right now She	to her Mom on th	e other line
0.001	a) talks	b) is talking	c) talking	d) are talking
10 Ir	the future scientists	a cure for cance	or children	d) are taiking
10. 11	a) will discover	a cure for carree	c) discovered	d) are discovering
	a) will discover	b) are discover	c) going to discover	d) are discovering
				u) are discovering
		is mother last Saturday		d) cont
10 14	d) Sellu	b) is sending		d) sent
	y roominate and rare (	Joing to San Juan tome	prrow. I know we	_ a good time.
40 0	a) will have	b) going to have	c) have	d) are naving
	cientists studied the T	ungus Plateau, but the	y the mystery.	
	a) didn't solved	b) doesn't solve	c) won't solve	d) didn't solve
14. Tr		d, but they the g		
			c) won't won	d) didn't win
15. M	y roommates and I are	going shopping, but I	buy anything	
	<ul> <li>a) isn't going to buy</li> </ul>	c) am going to d) am not goir	o not buy	
	<ul><li>b) not going to buy</li></ul>	d) am not goii	ng to buy	
16. M			n party, but we a	a costume.
	a) isn't going to wear	c) are going to	o not wear	
	b) not going to wear	d) are not goi	ng to wear	
17. Tł		areful. They mar		
			n't making d) isn't m	aking
18. I t	ought interesti		3 ,	- 0
	a) a b) an	c) one	d) some	
19	many people at th	e concert		
10.	a) There is b) It is	c) There are	d) They are	
20	a calendar on the	wall	d) mey are	
20	a) There is b) It is	c) There are	d) They are	
			d) They are	
<u> </u>	late, and we must	c) Is	d) Thoro'ro	
ZZ. VV	ny are mere pe	ople outside that building	lly?	
00 14		many c) a		
23. V		30 people. We don't ha		
	a) much b) a fe	ew c) a little	d) enougn	
			y refers to the underli	ned person/people.
24. <u>Ir</u>		daughter in the h	ospital this afternoon.	
		c. them d. their		
25. <u>Bo</u>		parents' car this week	end.	
	a. your b. his			
26. W	hen <u>Bill</u> goes to San J	uan, I always go with _		
	a) they b) us of			
27. I h	ave two dogs;	are both collies.		
		) they d) its		
28. M		· · ·	are in Ponce. They vis	it once a month.
		) them d) her	,	
29. El			ch at house on	Sundays.
	a) they b) them			2

30. <u>Olga</u> usually asks \_\_\_\_\_\_ father for permission to go out.
a) he b) her c) him d) she's
31. <u>Jose</u>'s sister lives in Mayagüez, but she doesn't visit \_\_\_\_\_\_ a lot.
a) he b) she c) him d) her
32. <u>My parents</u> are going to St. Thomas. I would like to go with \_\_\_\_\_.
a) they b) us c) them d) its

New Instruction: Choose the question that is both meaningful and grammatically correct for the answer given.

33). Q: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
A: I'm from Lares.
a. What your hometown?
b. Where do you come from?
c. When were you born?

d. Who are you?

34) Q: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
A: I have an apartment on Bosque Street.
a. Where did you go to high school?
b. Where do you come from?
c. Where are you living now?
d. Where you live?

35) Q: \_

A: Music and geology.

a. What do you like to do on weekends?

b. What kind of person are you?

c. What are you interested in?

d. Where do you like to study?

36). Q: \_\_\_

A: About 2 1/2 hours.

a. When do you travel home?

b. How often do you travel home?

c. Where is San Juan?

d. How long does it take to get to San Juan?

37) Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: A Compac.

a. What kind of computer do you have?

b. How old is your computer?

c. Where did you get your computer?

d. Why did you buy a computer?

38) Q: \_\_\_

A: Last night.

a. When did they go to the movies?

b. Where did they go to the movies?

c. What movie did they see?

d. How was the movie?

39). Q:

A: So so. Not very good.

- a. What are you doing?
- b. How are you feeling?
- c. When are you leaving?
- d. How often do you get sick?

40) Q:

A: Two.

a. Do you have brothers and sisters?

b. How many brothers and sisters do you have?

c. How much time do you spend with your brother and sister?

d. How often do you see your brother and sister?

## Part III: Reading Comprehension

There are two reading selections on the test. They are approximately 300-400 words long. This selection has 520 words so it is a little longer that the ones on the test.

## Culture Shock

¶1 Sometimes people say that Americans live on a big island. Canada is to the north and Mexico to the south, but other countries are far away. Therefore, many Americans never travel outside the US. Americans can travel 3000 miles east to west without making any major <u>adjustment</u> for language, food, money and other matters of culture, such as the way business is done. Therefore, it is not uncommon for many Americans to be shocked by customs in other parts of the world when they first travel <u>abroad</u>.

¶2 Of course, Americans expect certain kinds of difference, for example in food and money, but they are definitely not prepared for all of the differences they find. They are not prepared for differences such as how people stand in line. In some countries people stand far apart, in others close together and in some they are orderly and in others they push and shove.

¶3 Americans are not prepared for the attitudes toward pets in other countries. In general, Americans take care of their pets, especially dogs and cats, and permit them to live in their homes. They give them special food, groom them and take them to the veterinarian when they are sick. In other countries, however, animals do not live in people's homes. They live in the streets and take care of themselves. Americans do not understand this attitude toward animals.

¶4 Americans definitely do not know that sanitary facilities are not the same around the world. <u>Abroad</u> they have to <u>get used to</u> toilets that require a person to stand up and bathrooms without toilet paper and hand towels. Great or small, differences like these cause culture shock, the feeling of disorientation, bewilderment and disgust that people feel when they are out of their <u>milieu</u>.

¶5 One thing that most Americans have never thought much about is that people from other countries feel culture shock in the US. Here are two examples:

¶6 "My name is Naomi. I am attending a large American University. I have been in the US for six months. Here is my personal experience with culture shock. One day I was looking at the messages on the school bulletin board. One message caught my eye. It said: 'Wanted: Roommate. Male/female OK. Nonsmoker.' I wondered what it meant. In Japan we don't have the custom of choosing a roommate by advertising in this way. People who live together are good friends or couples. I could never think of living with a stranger, and sharing an apartment with a male is out of the question."

¶7 "My name is Arafat. I am from Lebanon, and I am pursuing a graduate degree at the American University in Washington DC. I did my undergraduate work at the American University in Beirut. When I came to the US, I had never been out of my country. One thing I still haven't adjusted to is the informal climate in American classrooms. I just can't call my professor by his or her first name, and I would never think of criticizing his or her ideas. Americans just don't have any respect for their professors when they do that.

¶8 So whether we are talking about what Americans know about other cultures or about how other people view the American culture, the conclusion is the same. Americans who have never left the United States are likely to be quite ethnocentric and ignorant of the great variety in the cultures of the world.

## Comprehension

There will be one or two multiple choice questions about the main idea(s) of the selection. Other ideas will be checked with True/False questions. There will be a few questions testing to see if you can infer (make an intelligent guess about) the meaning of certain words in the selection.

- 1. What is the best statement of the main idea of this selection?
  - a. The world will be a better place if we all learn to understand other cultures.
  - b. It is not easy to understand other cultures.
  - c. People from other countries don't understand American culture.
  - d. Americans have limited knowledge of other cultures and how people view their culture.
- 2. From what is said in this selection, which is the best definition of culture shock (CS)?
  - a. CS is a set of negative attitudes toward other countries and their cultures.
  - b. CS is the feeling of surprise and disbelief people have when they experience different customs.
  - c. CS is hatred for foreigners living in one's country.
  - d. CS is expecting certain kinds of difference when you travel abroad.

Circle T if the sentence about the reading is true; circle F if it is false.

- T F 3. Americans, in general, travel outside their country a lot.
- T F 4. It is common for many Americans to be shocked by customs in other parts of the world.
- T F 5. Americans are prepared for differences in how people stand in line.
- T F 6. Many Americans probably feel that people in other countries don't take care of their animals well.
- T F 7. People feel culture shock when they experience customs that are different from those they know.
- T F 8. Japanese people use newspapers to find people to live with.
- T F 9. Arafat has traveled a lot.
- T F 10. According to Arafat, classrooms in Lebanon are formal compared to those in the US.
- T F 11 . Arafat would find it easy to disagree with an American professor.

Select the word that is closest in meaning to the underlined word.

a) change	b) purchase	c) dislike	d) memory
13. <u>abroad</u> ¶ 1, 4 a) fast	b) outside their country	c) far	d) on vacation
14. <u>get used to</u> ¶ 4 a) use often	b) stop using	c) think are usual	d) become accustomed to
15. <u>milieu</u> ¶ 4 a) minds	b) work	c) environment	d) time